

ANGLIČTINA PRO ZAHRÁDKÁŘE

Cvičení k lekci 7

doplňěk k časopisu Zahrádkář 7/2008 str. 51

I. Write down the English expressions for the following Czech ones:

Bylinka – příchuť – kuchyňské využití – léčivé účinky – okrasný prvek – polostín – síť – sušit
– svazeček – vůně – želé

II. Put the verbs in the brackets into correct forms:

A herb (be) a plant whose one or more parts (be) aromatic. It may be woody or herbaceous, and it (have) one or more of the three properties, medicinal, culinary or cosmetic. Herbs (include) both annual and perennial species. Many of them (can) be grown on a window sill or balcony. But it (be) important to know what conditions a particular herb (need) and what it is used for.

III. Translate:

Chives thrive best on sunny sites and they are most commonly propagated by seeds or division of older plants. Hyssop, which was brought to Europe by Benedictine monks, needs sun and well-drained soil. Calendula not only has curative effects, but in borders it also repels some pests. Lavender came to this country from the Mediterranean and therefore requires a sunny and sheltered site. Mint should be grown on half-shady moist place, and since it spreads quickly, it is recommended to grow in containers. Sage can be propagated by cuttings or seeds and has besides medicinal effects also cosmetic ones.

IV. Find the suitable expressions:

glass, red, milk, twelve, reap, summer, shell, burn, orange, pages, vegetable, week, vase, write, pointed, day, sunset, end, beverage, fun, solid, hot, war

bee – honey = cow -
coffee – cup = wine -
cucumber – green = tomato -
six – three = twenty four -
snow – winter = sunshine -
spring – to sow = autumn -
tree – bark = egg -
tree – leaves = book -
January – year = Monday -

juice – bottle = flowers -
knife – sharp = needle -
knife – to cut = pencil -
lemon – yellow = orange -
moon – night = sun -
morning – evening = beginning -
morning – evening = sunrise -
orange – fruit = cucumber -
water – fire = to drown -
water – liquid = ice -
wind – storm = conflict -
winter – cold = summer -
work – serious = games -
pepper – spice = mineral water -

Správné odpovědi

I.

Herb – flavour – culinary use – curative effects – ornamental feature – partial shade = half-shade – sow – dry – bunch – aroma = scent – jelly

II.

is – are – has – include – can – is – needs

III.

Pažitce se nejlépe daří na slunných stanovištích a je nejčastěji množena semeny nebo dělením starších rostlin. Yzop, který byl do evropy přinesen benediktinskými mnichy, potřebuje slunce a dobře propustnou půdu. Měsíček má nejen hojivé účinky, ale na záhonech také odpuzuje některé škůdce. Levandule k nám přišla ze Středomoří, a vyžaduje tedy slunné a chráněné stanoviště. Máta by měla být pěstována na pohostinném vlhčím místě, a protože se rychle rozrůstá, je doporučováno pěstovat ji v nádobách. Šalvěj může být množena řízků nebo semeny a má vedle lékařských také kosmetické účinky.

IV.

milk, glass, red, twelve, summer, to reap, shell, pages, week, vase, pointed, to write, orange, day, end, sunset, vegetable, to burn, solid, war, hot, fun, beverage